Michigan Netpen Aquaculture



North Central Aquaculture Conference with WAA

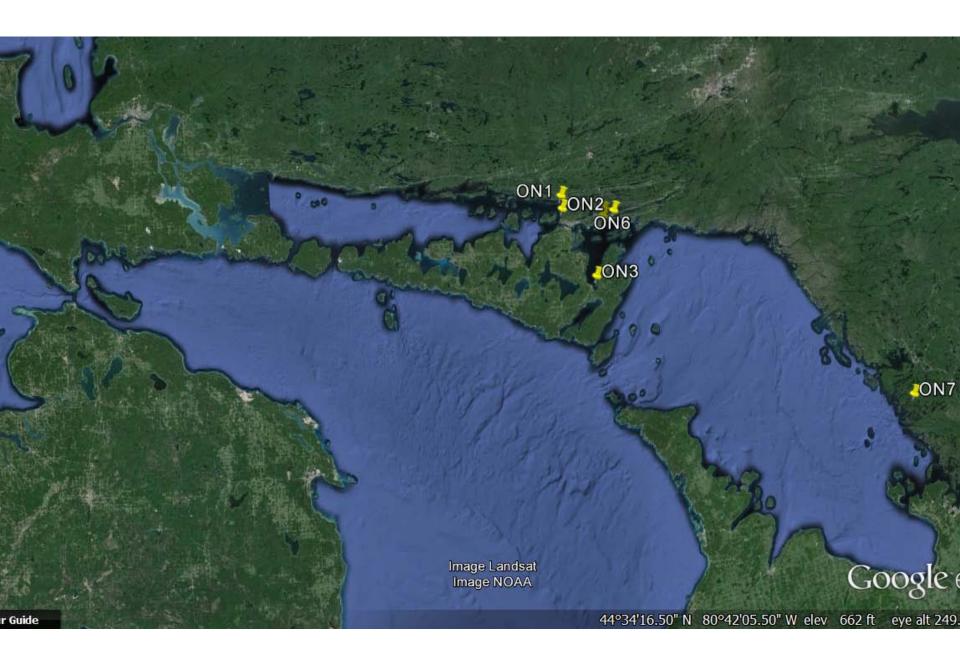
March 12-13, 2016, Milwaukee WI

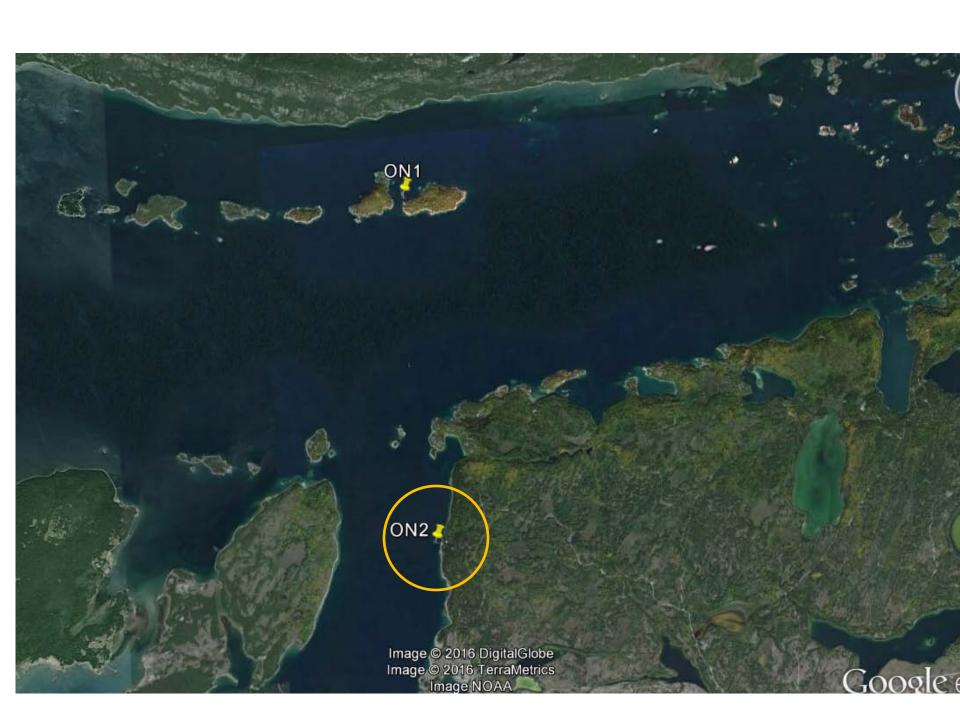
Chris Weeks

Aquaculture Extension Specialist Michigan State University/ NCRAC

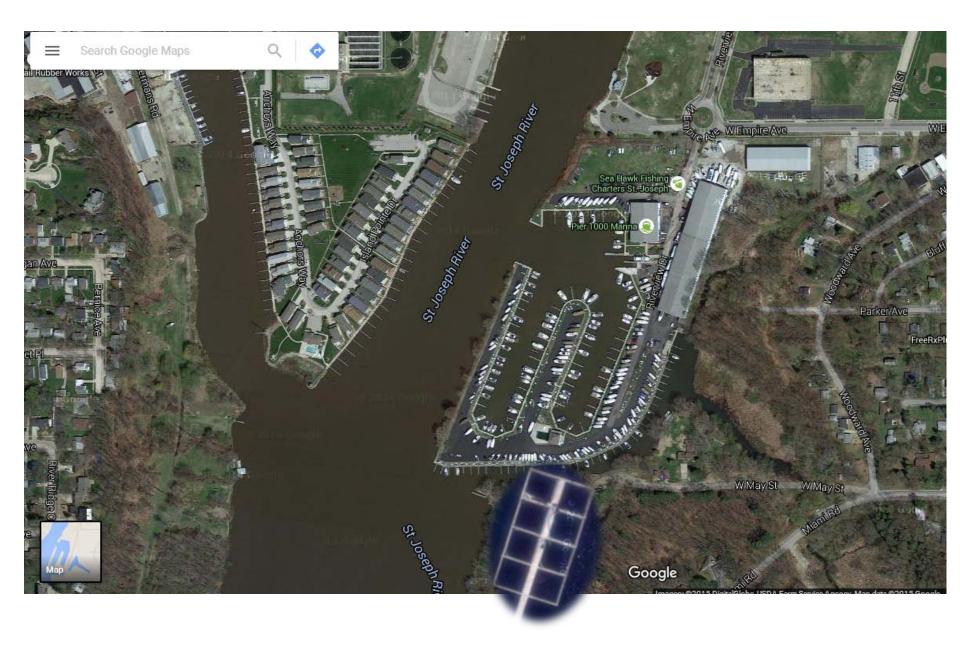


Ontario rainbow trout available at Meijer's and Kroger stores across Mid Michigan





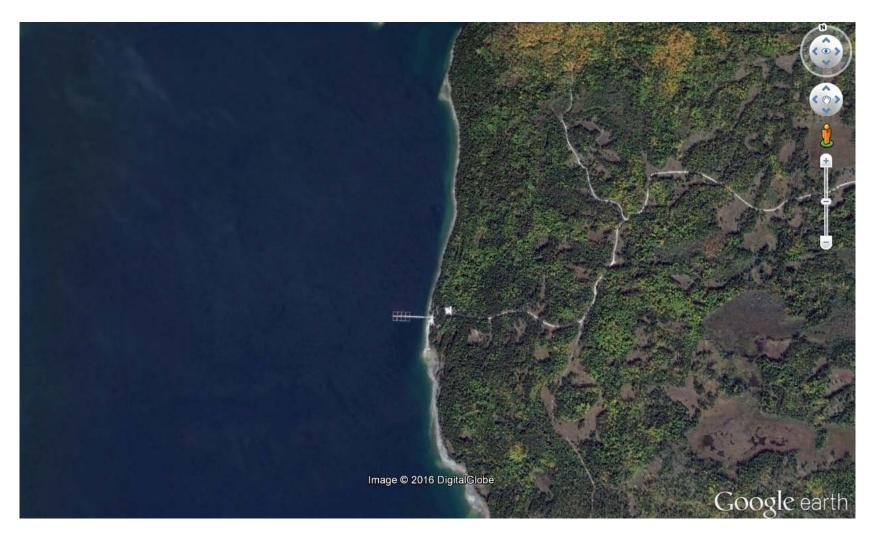




Approximate Scale



From 2,200 ft

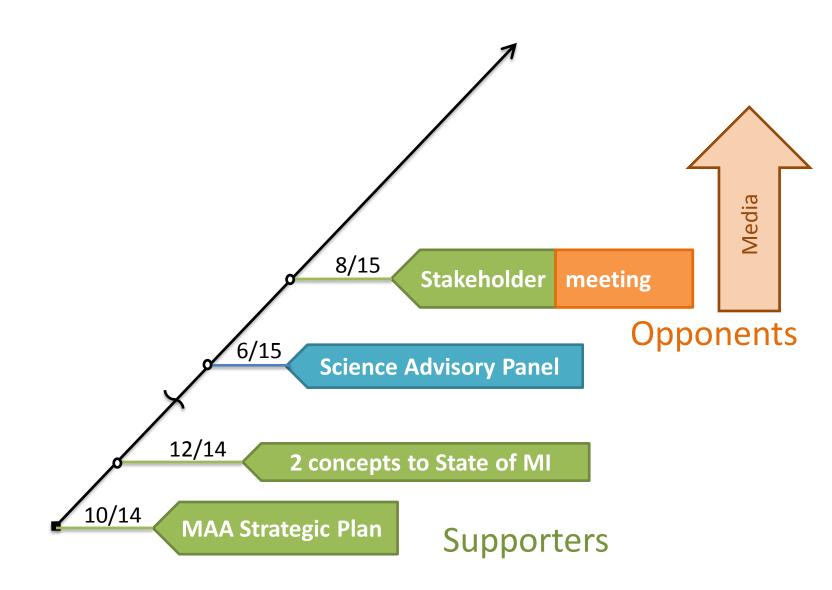


9,500 ft

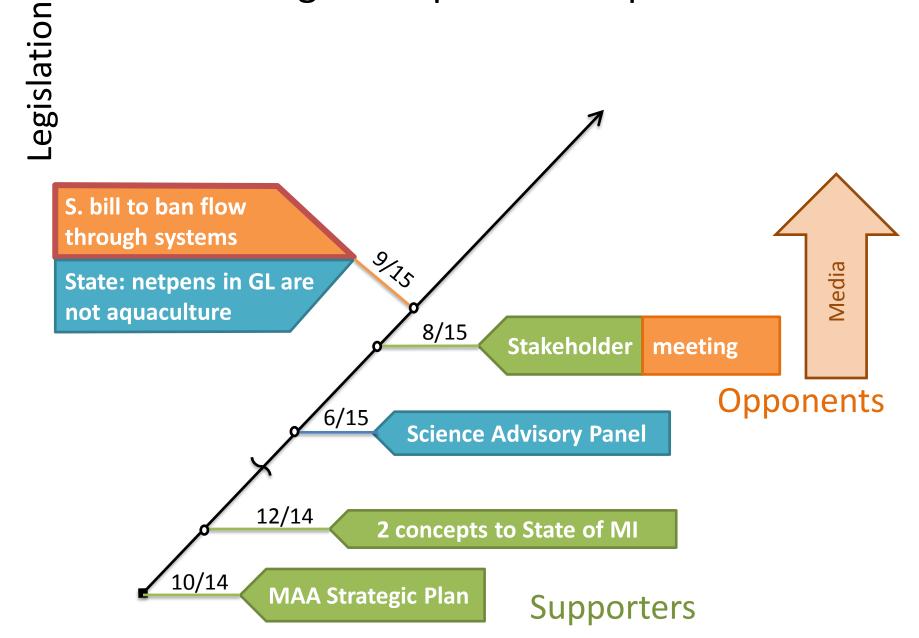


20,200 ft

Michigan Netpen Development



Michigan Netpen Development



Opponents

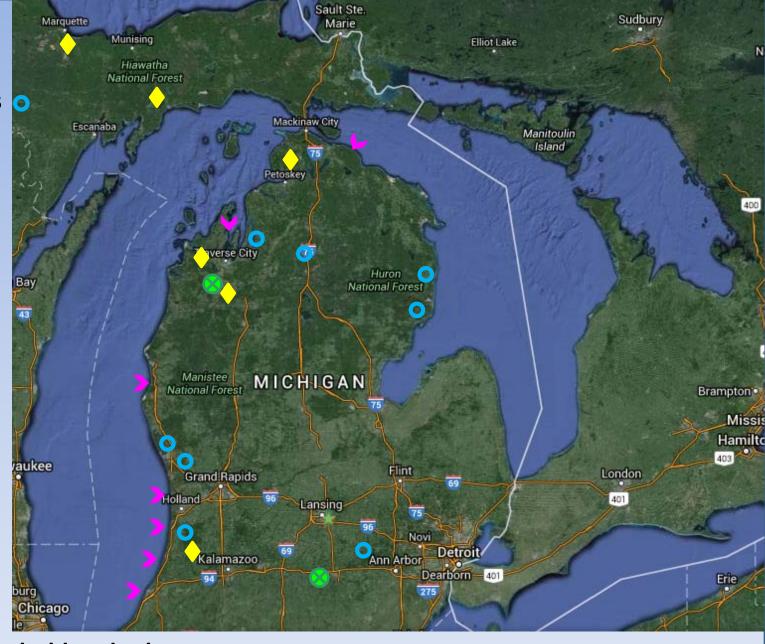
Pending Legislation

- SB 526 (September 2015)
 - Would prohibit all aquaculture operations that discharge to waters that are connected to the Great Lakes

State hatcheries 20+ million fish in 2014

Private 1,000 - 20,000 lbs/y each

Private > 100,000 lbs/y each



State netpen hold and release 3.36 million fish 2010-2014

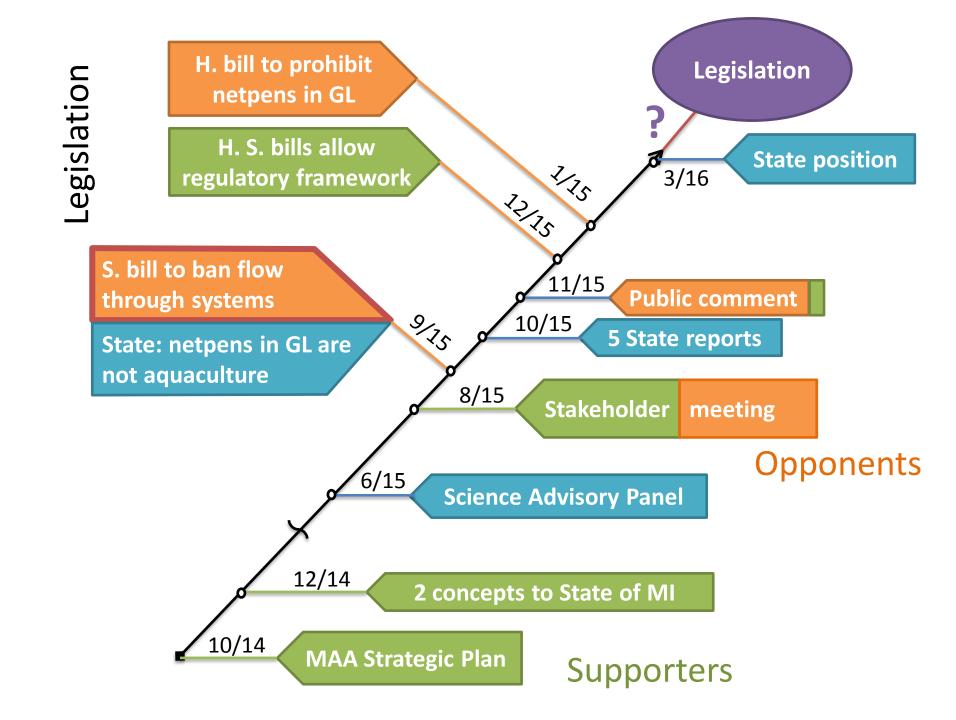
MICHIGAN AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT ACT

Act 199 of 1996

(excludes state hatcheries)

- "Aquaculture" means the commercial husbandry of aquaculture species on the approved list of aquaculture species
- "Aquaculture facility" means a farm or farm operation engaged in any aspect of aquaculture in privately controlled waters
- "Privately controlled waters" means waters controlled within ponds, vats, raceways, tanks, and any other indoor or outdoor structure wholly within or on land owned or leased by an aquaculturist and used with an aquaculture facility

(according to the State of MI AG office, GL netpens are not in privately controlled waters even if under bottom land leases)



Opponents

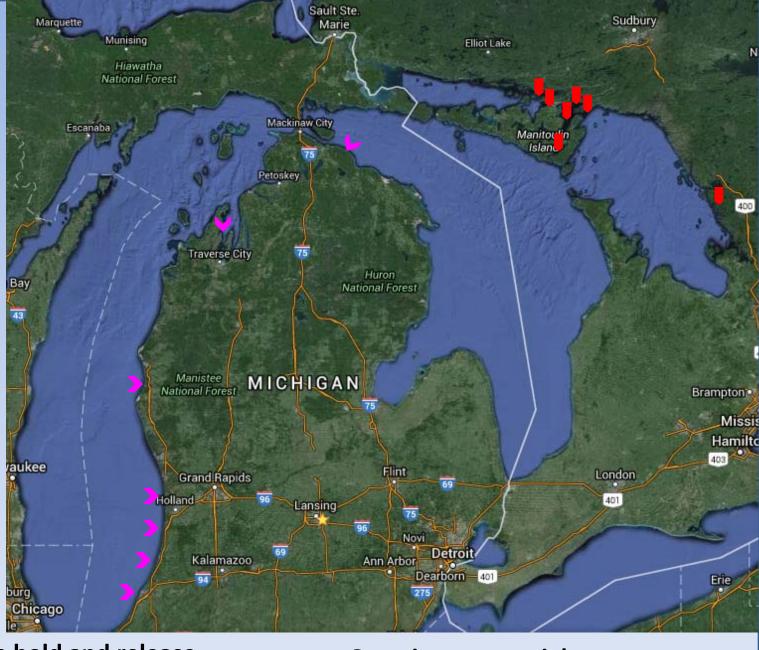
Pending Legislation

- SB 526 (September 2015)
 - Would prohibit aquaculture that discharges to waters that are connected to the Great Lakes

- HB 5255 (January 2016)
 - Defines netpen aquaculture
 - Prohibits netpen aquaculture in Great Lakes and tributaries up to first dam

Pending Legislation

- HB 5166, 5167, 5168 / SB 681, 682, 683 (December 2015)
 - Defines aquaculture similar to the National
 Aquaculture Act definition
 - Defines "water-based aquaculture facility"
 - Allows for up to 10 netpen facilities in first 5 years
 - Creates an Office of Aquaculture in State Ag Dept
 - Help streamline permitting



State netpen hold and release 3.36 million fish 2010-2014

Ontario commercial netpens
17 million lbs/y



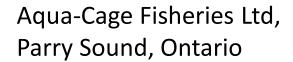






MDNR netpens for imprinting







North Wind Fisheries

Public Input Process & Comments

Science-based review

 Great Lakes Net-Pen Commercial Aquaculture: A Short Summary of the Science

Regulations-based review

 A Regulatory Analysis of Proposed Commercial Net-Pen Aquaculture in the Great Lakes

Economics-based reviews

- <u>Overview of Natural Resource Values Potentially at Risk from Consequences</u> <u>of Net-Pen Aquaculture</u>
- <u>Expected Economic Impact of Cage Trout Aquaculture on Michigan's Great Lakes</u>
- Aquaculture Industry Report from IBIS World Industry Report 11251- Fish & Seafood Aquaculture in the US

Science Report

Experts urge cautious approach on Great Lakes fish farming

By JOHN FLESHER Oct. 30, 2015 1:14 PM EDT





TRAVERSE CITY, Mich. (AP) — If Michigan allows commercial fish farming in the Great La and experimental scale to enable careful monitoring of the effect on the environment and report to state officials.

The recommendation was among many in five reports submitted by a panel of scientists,

advise regulators considering whether a process known as "net-pen aquaculture" would be suitable for Great Lakes waters within Michigan's boundaries.

Source: http://bigstory.ap.org

If Michigan allows commercial fish farming in the Great Lakes, the industry should begin on a small and experimental scale to enable careful monitoring of the effect on the environment and wild fish populations, scientists said in a report to state officials.

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Legislators debate Great Lakes fish farming

By PETER PAYETTE . FEB 8, 2016

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Harvesting farm fish in Georgian Bay in wintertime.

CREDIT GORD COLE / AQUA-CAGE FISHERIES

and spoke with David Cassleman.

The debate over fish farming in the Great Lakes is underway in Lansing.

Committees in the state house are considering competing bills. One package of bills would create rules allowing what's called cage or net pen aquaculture. Other legislation would ban fish farms in the Michigan waters of the Great Lakes. IPR News Director Peter Payette has been following this story



Guest commentary

Don't allow fish farms in Michigan waters

by Howa



There are many mistakes to learn from when it comes to using our public waters as the sewers for private companies raising and selling fish.

One of: on issue friends

But I'm the wat River.

All around the globe, fish farming in public waters has led to water pollution, spread of fish disease, and widespread opposition by those who have to live with the visual pollution and other consequences of fish farming.

When I think of Michigan's latest infatuation with aquaculture – be it in Grayling on the Au Sable River, or in the Great Lakes – I am reminded of a saying: Some people learn from their mistakes. Smart people learn from the mistakes of others.

Action Alert | Protect Great Lakes Fisheries!

Michigan United Conservation Clubs <admin@mucc.org> To: release@mirsnews.com Thu, Jan 28, 2016 at 3:21 PM

Michigan United Conservation Clubs

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

January 28, 2016

Contact: Drew YoungeDyke I dyoungedyke@mucc.org I 734.757.0408

Legislators Need Your Phone
Calls to Protect Great Lakes
Fisheries

New Legislation Introduced to Ban Fish Farms in the Great Lakes

"Commercial cage culture poses serious risks to wild fisheries,"

"These risks include escapement and breeding with wild fish, making them less genetically fit ..., passing disease from immune domestic fish to wild fish which are not immune to the diseases, and, especially, the effluent deposited by concentrated populations of domestic fish into lakes."

Fish Farms in the Great Lakes?

Posted on November 4, 2015 by greatlakesoutdoors

Caged fish that are essentially <u>CAFO's</u> directly *IN* our Great Lakes.

Just say no Michigan.

Its that simple.

Just say no Michigan It's that simple



Pure Michigan? credit NOAA

Proponents of fish farms in the Great Lakes say they could help the state supply the nation's appetite for seafood, but Michigan sporting and environmental groups are lining up in opposition to proposals they say threaten the \$7 billion fishing industry with concentrated "fish poo."

reduced to \$4 billion in Committee hearings

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Fish farms threaten Great Lakes

"They will escape... and when they do, they will destroy our Great Lakes fishery. These fugitive fish compete with wild fish ..., disrupt their reproduction and interfere with their genetic diversity, ultimately making it very difficult for the wild fish to survive."

tember 28, 2015

chigan waves are ugh the waves — 3-to they terrify my the bay, and it's all





(Photo: Lydia Lo Free Press)

"So who supports this? The defenders will surely come crawling out of the woodwork, appealing to the need to feed a starving world. They're just looking for a handout on the public dime. Don't believe a word of it."

Lansing State Journal

Jones: Fish poo is not Pure Michigan

Justin A. Hinkley, Lansing State Journal

11:30 a.m. EDT September 24, 2015











(Photo: Photo provided)

LANSING — As Canadian fisheries propose commercial fish farms for Great Lakes waters around Michigan, state Sen. Rick Jones, R-Grand Ledge, announced he's crafting legislation to ban the practice.

Jones said he practice of fish farming — in which cultured fish are grown in watery pens for commercial food consumption — threatens the waters with pollution and invasive species.

"Concentrated fish poo is just not Pure Michigan," Jones said in a written statement. "Regardless of how many safeguards are put in place, there is

always some threat that will be unaccounted for, and one mistake here can threaten the entire Great Lakes economy."

Environmentalists oppose Great Lakes net pens, support current aquaculture practices

Mark Johnson (989) 732-1111 mjohnson@gaylordheraldtimes.com | Posted: Monday, November 23, 2015 3:35 pm

MICHIGAN — Two proposals are on the table to allow a fish-raising practice that some say would benefit the economy, while others say it would put the Great Lakes at risk.

A public comment period is underway, allowing citizens to express their opinions on the controversial net-pen aquaculture proposals with state agencies including the Michigan Departments of Agriculture and Rural Development, Natural Resources, and Environmental Quality. A public hearing was held in Gaylord last week to gather some of these comments.

Some local environmentalists say the net-pen proposals — one for rainbow trout in northern Lake Michigan and another for northern Lake Huron — are dangerous and unnecessary as they say there is already an efficient method of aquaculture practiced in Michigan.

"We're not against aquaculture, just this particular kind of aquaculture," said Grenetta Thomassey, program director at Tip of the Mitt Watershed Council. "We already know how to do aquaculture in Michigan."

Recirculating Michigan, ra from the fish

"We're not against aquaculture, just this particular kind of aquaculture... We already know how to do aquaculture in Michigan"

lready being implemented in he water and captures the waste

"Recirculating aquaculture... is already being implemented in Michigan, raise mass amounts of fish... a practice.. well suited to vacant warehouses"

US RAS - Status

- Operational
- Unknown
- Failed

Information sources:

http://www.thebetterfish.com/barra-blog/so-you-want-to-be-a-fish-farmer
http://www.ccb.se/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/Freshwater-Institute_Brian-Vinci_day1.pdf
Weeks 2015 unpublished data from 2015 NCR survey to aquaculture extension personnel

Operational RAS in US

4+ yrs			
operating	Species	Number	Lbs
	Tilapia	14	7,725,000
	Barramundi	2	2,100,000
	Goldfish, Koi	2	
	Largemouth Bass	1	
	Marine Shrimp	1	
	Unknown	1	
	tota	al 21	

US RAS – closed / failures

State	Qty	State	Q	ty
Al	1	MT		2
CA	3	NC		3
GA	1	ND		1
IA	2	NH		1
ID	1	NV		2
IL	7	NY		3
IN	3	ОН		17
KY	1	PA		4
LA	2	TX		1
MA	3	VA		3
MD	2	WA		1
ME	1	WI		9
MI	5	WV		2
MN	4			
			total	85

~ 80% failure rate to date (based on available information)

RAS in the NCR

survey to aquaculture Extension and Industry

Number commercial RAS in state 5 successfully operating for 5+ years

Number producing 100,000 lbs+ 2 annually

Number failures you can recall in your 43 state

Average 5 year success rate (%) 10



Land Based RAS and Open Pen Salmon Aquaculture: Comparative Economic and Environmental Assessment

Trond W. Rosten, Kristian Henriksen, Erik Skontorp Hognes

SINTEF Fisheries and Aquaculture Norway

Brian Vinci, Steven Summerfelt

The Conservation Fund Freshwater Institute USA

http://tidescanada.org/wp-

content/uploads/files/salmon/workshop-sept-

2013/NEWD1-

11TrondRostenandBrianVinci.pdf

Rosten et al. 2013

Model Land-based RAS to model Norwegian net pen farm

3300 MT (7.25 million lbs) HOG Atlantic salmon

Model Land-based	l RAS	Model Net Pen		
Investment	\$32 million	Investment	\$12.3 million	
Density	80 kg/m ³	Density	25 kg/m ³	
Production cost	\$3.98/kg HOG	Production cost	\$4.24 /kg	
Total production costs	\$13.13 million	Total production costs	\$18.67 million	
Price/kg	\$5.66	Price/kg	\$5.66	
Earnings (EBIT)	\$5.5 million	Earnings (EBIT)	\$4.68 million	
kg CO2/kg Salmon		kg CO2/kg Salmon		
(fresh to US)	7.36	(fresh to US)	8.24	
		(frozen)	3.39	

- The land-based production has a higher CO₂ footprint than a net pen system unless 90% hydro power incorporated
- Land based production has lower production costs but higher ROI than net pen unless getting 30% premium for RAS

Rosten et al. 2013

 Systems do not approach commercial viability until capacities exceeding 2,500 t are reached (S. Summerfelt)

> Init Investment RAS \$10,000-20,000 /MT x 2,500 = \$25-50 million

Great Lakes fish farming debate picks up speed in Michigan legislature



Undated photo of a Cold Water Fisheries rainbow trout fish farm in Lake Huron's Georgian Bay near Manitoulin Island. (NOAA/Northern Ontario Aquaculture Association/DFO)

Source: mlive.com

FLINT WATER CRISIS



- Snyder ordered DEQ to withhold Flint lead test results, emails claim
- Gov Snyder proposes \$195M for Flint water as protesters call for his removal
- Involuntary manslaughter among crimes considered in AG's probe
- · How government poisoned Flint
- A look at how we got here

MICHIGAN FARM NEWS

MICHIGAN'S ONLY STATEWIDE FARM NEWSPAPER

February 13, 2016



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Legislation introduced to reform Michigan aquaculture

December 21, 2015 Category: Politics by Jeremy C. Nagel

Legislation introduced last week by Dist. 35 State Senator Darwin Booher aims to encourage the expansion of Michigan aquaculture and, in turn, help meet rising demands for seafood among American consumers.

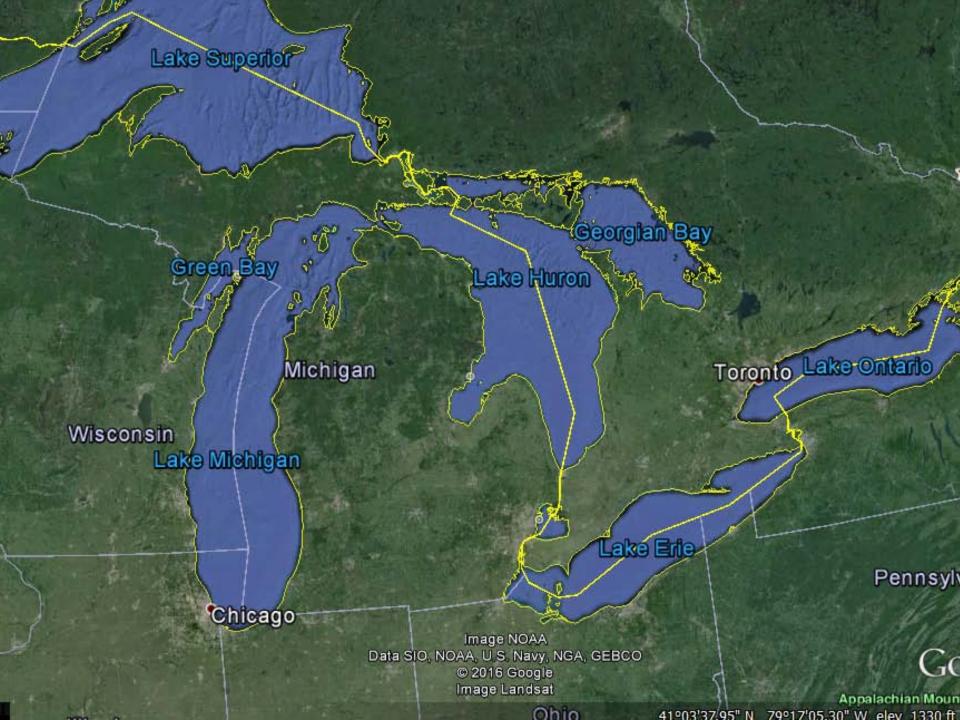
"The U.S. currently imports 90 percent of the seafood Americans consume," said Booher (R-Evart). "Given the interest consumers have in buying locally grown, fresh and healthy foods, there is a real opportunity for Michigan to responsibly use its land and water resources to produce more seafood."





3/9/16 News Release

- ... the state's "quality of life" agencies -- MDARD,
 DEQ and DNR -- recommended not pursuing commercial aquaculture in the Great Lakes.
- Among the reasons given "would pose significant risks to fishery management and other types of recreation and tourism."
- Environmental and conservation groups celebrated the administration and sided with them, as the Michigan United Conservation Clubs and the Michigan Environmental Council had been railing against allowing such activities.



Questions?



Soy Aquaculture Alliance

February 25, 2016

Chris Weeks

Aquaculture Extension Specialist

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